

CRYSTAL CLEAR TECHNOLOGY

Product Specification

T430T01X00

(REVISION 4)

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	Attachment:	
	Capacitive Touch Panel Specification – TP0088	



2.0 Records of Revision

Rev	Date	Item	Page	Comment	Originator	Checked By
1.0	23.10.15			Initial Release	Azhar	Liew
2.0	28.01.16			Change model name T430T01X00 to T430X01X00	Azhar	Azhar
3.0	09.05.16			Change model name T430X01X00 to T430T01X00, change reliability test, change inspection criteria and change capacitive touch panel to TP0085	Adam	Adam
4.0	12.01.17			Revise mechanical spec CTP-TP0088	Adam	Azhar



3.0 General Specification

T430T01X00 is 4.3" color TFT-LCD (Thin Film Transistor Liquid Crystal Display) module composed of LCD panel, driver ICs control circuit, LED backlight and Touch Panel. This display area contains 480 x 272 pixels and can display up to 16M colors. This product compliant with RoHS environmental requirement.

Item	Contents	Unit	Note
LCD Type	4.3" TFT	-	
Display color	16M		1
Viewing Direction (Optimum View)	12	O 'Clock	
Module size	105.5 X 67.2 X 2.9	mm	2
Active Area(W×H)	95.04 X 53.86	mm	
Number of Dots	480×RGB×272	dots	
Contrast Ratio	300 : 1	-	
Controller	ILI6480 or equivalent	-	
Backlight	7-LEDs (white)	pcs	
Brightness	250	cd/m2	
Interface Mode	TTL RGB	-	
Data Transfer	RGB	-	

Note1: Color tone is slightly changed by temperature and driving voltage.

Note2: FPC or wire are not included.

Note3: Brightness on LCD surface. Module with CTP or RTP, brightness will be about 20% (max) lower on the touch panel surface.

AVAILABLE OPTION

<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; margin: 2px;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; margin: 2px;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; margin: 2px;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; margin: 2px;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; margin: 2px;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; margin: 2px;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; margin: 2px;"></div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; margin: 2px; text-align: center;">X</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; margin: 2px; text-align: center;">0</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; margin: 2px; text-align: center;">0</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; margin: 2px; text-align: center;">X</div> </div>
<p>TOUCH PANEL</p> <p>N : Without Touch Panel</p> <p>C : Capacitive Touch Panel</p> <p>R : Resistive Touch Panel</p> <p>SEMI - CUSTOMISE (MINOR CHANGES FROM STANDARD MODEL)</p> <p>00 - STANDARD SPECIFICATION MODEL</p> <p>OTHER OPTION</p> <p>C : STANDARD COVER LENS</p> <p>REFER TO FACTORY FOR FURTHER INFORMATION.</p> <p>TERMS AND CONDITIONS APPLY</p>



4.0 Absolute Maximum Ratings

4.1 Electrical Absolute Maximum ratings (Vss = 0V, Ta = 25°C)

Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
Power Supply Voltage	VCC	-0.3	3.6	V	1, 2
Logic Signal Input /Output Voltage	VIOVCC	-0.3	VCC+0.5	V	
Power Supply Voltage for LCD	Vop	0	3.6	V	
Current of LED	ILED	0	25	mA/led	

Notes:

1. If the module is above these absolute maximum ratings. It may become permanently damaged.
2. VCC >VSS must be maintained.
3. Please be sure users are grounded when handing LCD Module.

4.2 Environmental Absolute Maximum Ratings

Item	Storage		Operating		Note
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
Ambient Temperature	-30°C	80°C	-20°C	70°C	1,2
Humidity	-	-	-	-	3

1. The response time will become lower when operated at low temperature.
2. Background color changes slightly depending on ambient temperature. The phenomenon is reversible.
3. Ta<=40°C and 85%RH MAX.
(Ta>=40°C. Absolute humidity must be lower than the humidity of 85%RH at 40°C)

**5.0 Electrical Characteristics and Instruction Code****5.1 Electrical Characteristics (V_{SS} = 0V, T_a = 25°C)**

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Note
Power supply	VCC	T _a =25°C	2.6	2.8	3.6	V	
Input voltage	'H'	V _{CC} =2.8V	0.8V _{CC}	-	VCC	V	
	'L'	V _{CC} =2.8V	0	-	0.2V _{CC}	V	
Current Consumption	ICC1	Normal mode	-	-	-	mA	2
	ICC2	Sleep mode	-	0.03	0.09	mA	2

Note:

- 1: When an optimum contrast is obtained in transmissive mode.
- 2: Tested in 1X1 chessboard pattern.

5.2 LED Backlight Specification (V_{SS} = 0V, T_a = 25°C)

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Note
Supply Voltage	V _{LED}	-	-	21.0	-	V	1
Supply Current	I _f	-	-	20	-	mA	2
Led lifetime			20000				3

Note:

1. V_{LED}=V_{LED} (+)-V_{LED} (-).
2. It is recommended that customer supply constant current to prolong the led lifetime and optimum led performance
3. Definition of Lifetime: Luminance < 50% of initial Luminance
(Test condition: T_a = 25°C, Constant current supply (typical Value))

**5.3 Interface Signal**

Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Function
1	VLED-	I	LED back light(Cathode)
2	VLED+	I	LED back light(Anode)
3	GND		GND
4	VDD	I	Power supply
5-12	R0~R7	I	Red data bus
13-20	G0~G7	I	Green data bus
21-28	B0~B7	I	Blue data bus
29	GND		GND
30	PCLK	I	Data clock
31	DISP	I	Standby mode select pin
32	NC	O	No Connection
33	NC	O	No Connection
34	DE	I	Data Enable Pin
35	NC	O	No Connection
36	GND		GND
37	X1/NC	O	For Resistive Touch panel only
38	Y1/NC	O	
39	X2/NC	O	
40	Y2/NC	O	

6.0 Optical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Brightness	Bp	$\theta=0^\circ$	220	250	-	Cd/m ²	1
Uniformity	ΔBp	$\Phi=0^\circ$	70	80	-	%	1,2
Viewing Angle	3:00	Cr \geq 10	-	65	-	Deg	3
	6:00		-	55	-		
	9:00		-	65	-		
	12:00		-	45	-		
Contrast Ratio	Cr	$\theta=0^\circ$ $\Phi=0^\circ$	-	350:1	-	-	4
Response Time	T _r		-	16	-	ms	5
	T _f		-	12	-	ms	
NTSC Ratio	S		45	60	-	%	

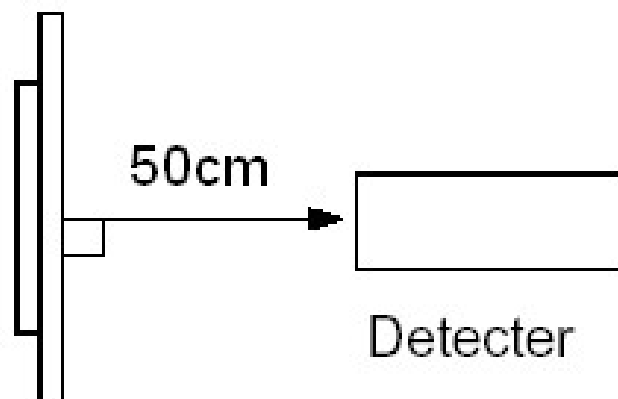
Note: The parameter is slightly changed by temperature, driving voltage and material

Note 1: The data are measured after LEDs are turned on for 5 minutes. LCM displays full white. The brightness is the average value of 9 measured spots. Measurement equipment PR-705 (Φ 8mm)

Measuring condition:

- Measuring surroundings: Dark room.
- Measuring temperature: Ta=25°C.
- Adjust operating voltage to get optimum contrast at the centre of the display.

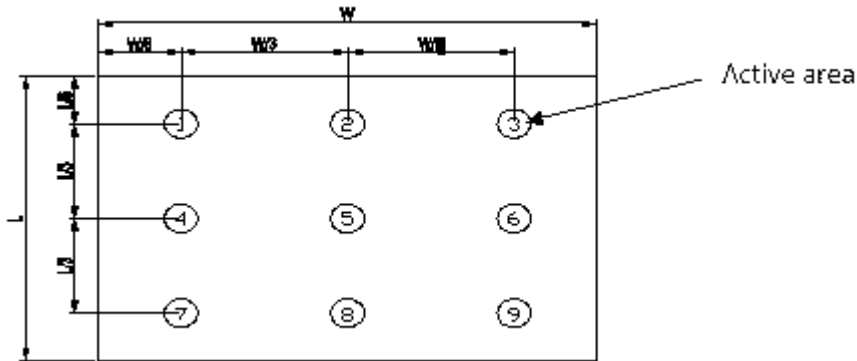
Measured value at the centre point of LCD panel after more than 5 minutes while backlight turning on.



Note 2: The luminance uniformity is calculated by using following formula.

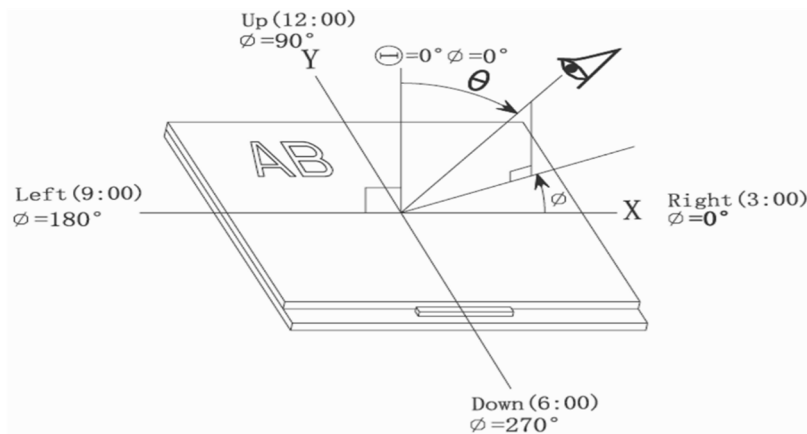
$$\Delta Bp = Bp (\text{Min.}) / Bp (\text{Max.}) \times 100 (\%)$$

$Bp (\text{Max.})$ = Maximum brightness in 9 measured spots
 $Bp (\text{Min.})$ = Minimum brightness in 9 measured spots.

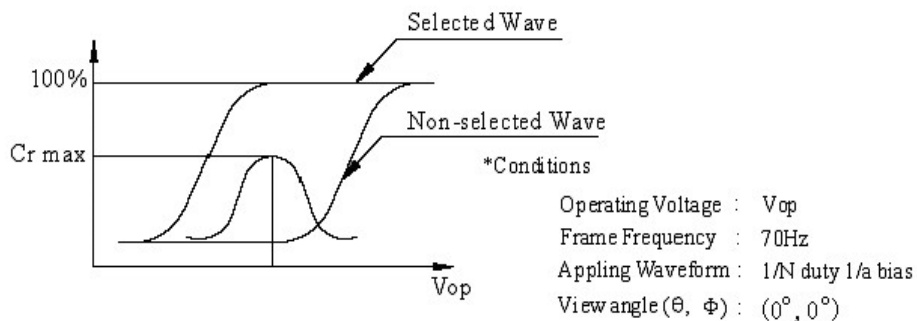


Note 3: The definition of viewing angle:

Refer to the graph below marked by θ and ϕ



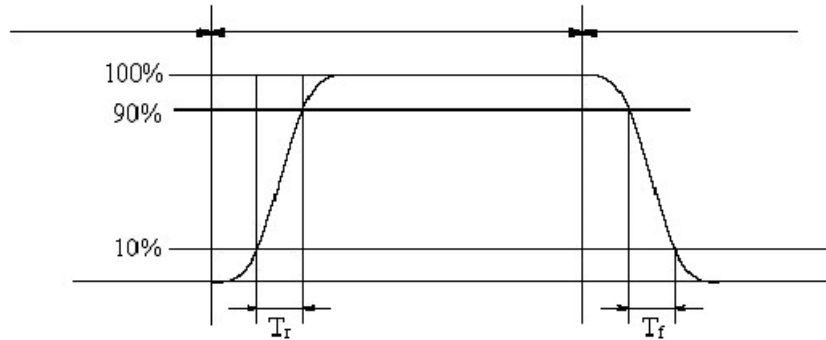
Note 4: Definition of contrast ratio. (Test LCD using DMS501)



$$\text{Contrast ratio (Cr)} = \frac{\text{Brightness of selected dots}}{\text{Brightness of non-selected dots}}$$

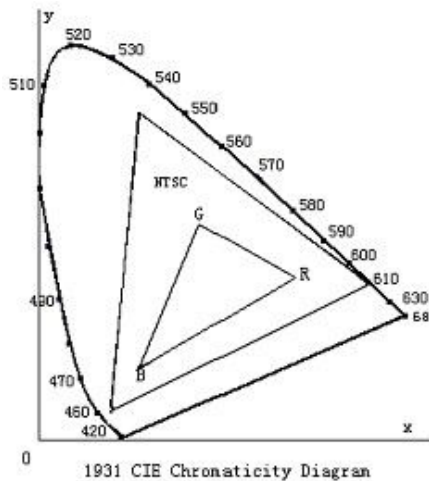
Note 5: Definition of Response time. (Test LCD using DMS501):

The output signals of photo detector are measured when the input signals are changed from “black” to “white”(falling time) and from “white” to “black”(rising time), respectively. The response time is defined as the time interval between the 10% and 90% of amplitudes. Refer to figure as below.



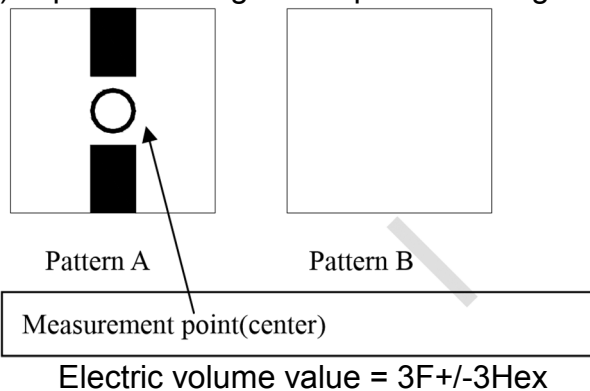
The Definition of response time

Note 6: Definition of Color of CIE Coordinate and NTSC Ratio.



Note 7: Definition of cross talk.

$$\text{Cross talk ratio (\%)} = \frac{[\text{pattern A Brightness} - \text{pattern B Brightness}]}{\text{pattern A}}$$





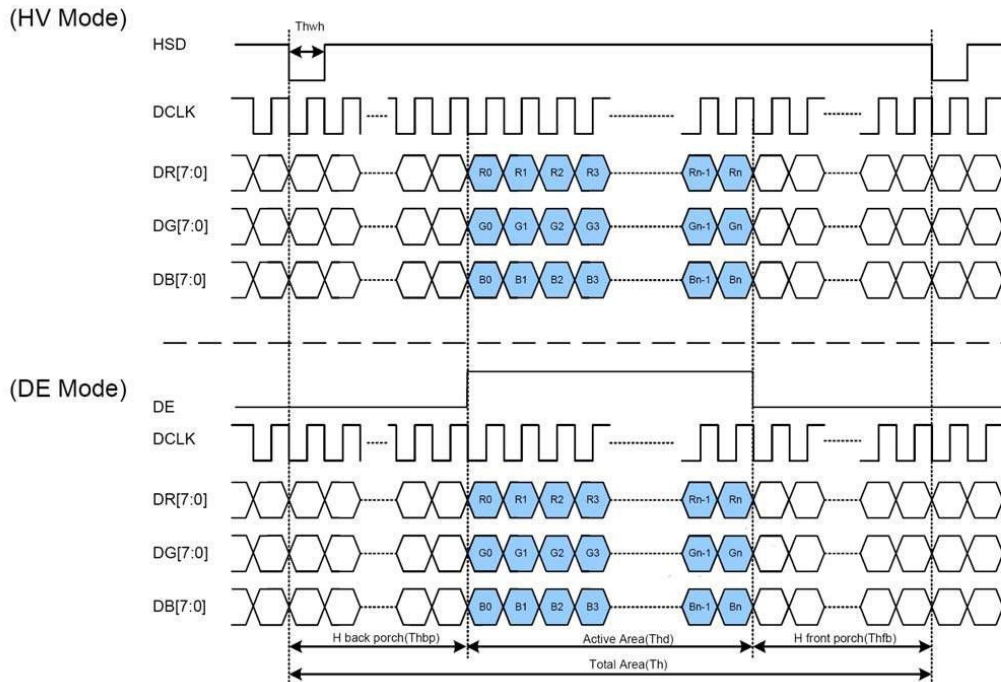
7.0 AC Characteristics

ILI6480 supports DE mode and Sync mode timing. The mode was decided by DE signal internally. When DE is pulled low ILI6480 uses HS+VS for timing control and this timing mode is sync mode. When DE is pulled high for active data and pulled low for blanking data, ILI6480 uses DE for timing control and this timing mode is DE mode. The detail timing chart showed below

7.1 Parallel RGB Input Timing requirement

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
DCLK frequency	Fclk	5	9	12	MZH
VSD period time	Tv	277	288	400	H
VSD display area	Tvd	272			H
VSD back porch	Tvb	3	8	31	H
VSD front porch	Tvfp	2	8	97	H
HSD period time	Th	520	525	800	DCLK
HSD display area	Thd	480			DCLK
HSD back porch	Thbp	36	40	255	DCLK
HSD front porch	Thfp	4	5	65	DCLK

7.2 Clock and data input diagram





8.0 Reliability Test Condition

Item		Test Condition
Operating	High Temperature	70degC, 240 hrs
	Low Temperature	-20degC,240 hrs
Storage	High Temperature	80degC, 240hrs and recovery for 2hrs
	Low Temperature	-30degC, 240hrs and recovery for 2hrs
	High Temperature and High Humidity	50degC, 90%RH, 240hrs and recovery for 2 hrs
Thermal	Cycle	RT → 20degC → Rt → 70degC → RT 0min 30min 5min 30min 5min 50 cycles (Power off)
	Shock	RT → 20degV → 70degC 0min 30min 30min 50 cycles (Power off)

Note: RT means Room temperature

9.0 Inspection Criteria

No	Defect	Definition of defect	Inspection Criteria												
1	a) Definition of dot	<p>The size of defective dot over 1/2 of whole is regards as one defective dot.</p> <p>Smaller than 1/2 Larger than 1/2</p> <p>'No dot defect' (ignore) '1 dot defect' (counted)</p>	<p>A – Viewing Area B – Outside viewing area</p>												
	b) Bright Dot	Dot appear bright and unchanged in size when LCD panel is displaying black pattern	<table border="1"> <tr> <th>Defect</th> <th>A</th> <th>B</th> </tr> <tr> <td>Bright Dot</td> <td>1</td> <td rowspan="2">NC</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dark Dot</td> <td>2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total</td> <td>3</td> <td></td> </tr> </table> <p>NC – Not Count</p>	Defect	A	B	Bright Dot	1	NC	Dark Dot	2	Total	3		
	Defect	A	B												
	Bright Dot	1	NC												
Dark Dot	2														
Total	3														
c) Dark Dot	Dot appear dark and unchanged in size when LCD panel is displaying pure color (RED, GREEN or BLUE) pattern	<table border="1"> <tr> <th>Defect</th> <th>A</th> <th>B</th> </tr> <tr> <td>Bright Dot</td> <td>1</td> <td rowspan="2">NC</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dark Dot</td> <td>2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total</td> <td>3</td> <td></td> </tr> </table> <p>NC – Not Count</p>	Defect	A	B	Bright Dot	1	NC	Dark Dot	2	Total	3			
Defect	A	B													
Bright Dot	1	NC													
Dark Dot	2														
Total	3														
d) 2 dot adjacent	<p>1 pair = 2 dots</p> <p>Type 1 Type 2</p> <p>Type 3 or Type 3</p>	<table border="1"> <tr> <th>Defect</th> <th>Acc. Count</th> </tr> <tr> <td>2 Bright dot Adjacent</td> <td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2 Dark dot Adjacent</td> <td>1</td> </tr> </table>	Defect	Acc. Count	2 Bright dot Adjacent	0	2 Dark dot Adjacent	1							
Defect	Acc. Count														
2 Bright dot Adjacent	0														
2 Dark dot Adjacent	1														
2	<p>Black spot White Spot Bright spot Pin Hole Foreign Particle</p>	<p>-Black/Dark/Bright Spot is points on display which appear dark/bright and usually result from contamination - These defect do not vary in size intensity (contrast) when kontras is varied.</p> <p>$D=(a+b)/2(mm)$</p>	<table border="1"> <tr> <th>Defect Category</th> <th>A</th> <th>B</th> </tr> <tr> <td>$D \leq 0.10$</td> <td>NC</td> <td rowspan="4">NC</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$0.10 \leq D \leq 0.15$</td> <td>2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$0.15 \leq D \leq 0.20$</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$D \geq 0.2$</td> <td>0</td> </tr> </table>	Defect Category	A	B	$D \leq 0.10$	NC	NC	$0.10 \leq D \leq 0.15$	2	$0.15 \leq D \leq 0.20$	1	$D \geq 0.2$	0
Defect Category	A	B													
$D \leq 0.10$	NC	NC													
$0.10 \leq D \leq 0.15$	2														
$0.15 \leq D \leq 0.20$	1														
$D \geq 0.2$	0														
3	<p>Black Line White line Particle between POL and Glass Scratch on Glass</p>		<table border="1"> <tr> <th>Defect Category</th> <th>A</th> <th>B</th> </tr> <tr> <td>$W \leq 0.03$</td> <td>NC</td> <td rowspan="3">NC</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$0.03 \leq W \leq 0.05, L \leq 2.0$</td> <td>2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$W \geq 0.05$</td> <td>0</td> </tr> </table>	Defect Category	A	B	$W \leq 0.03$	NC	NC	$0.03 \leq W \leq 0.05, L \leq 2.0$	2	$W \geq 0.05$	0		
Defect Category	A	B													
$W \leq 0.03$	NC	NC													
$0.03 \leq W \leq 0.05, L \leq 2.0$	2														
$W \geq 0.05$	0														
4	<p>POL Bubble POL Dented</p>		<table border="1"> <tr> <th>Defect Category</th> <th>A</th> <th>B</th> </tr> <tr> <td>$D \leq 0.20$</td> <td>NC</td> <td rowspan="4">NC</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$0.20 \leq D \leq 0.30$</td> <td>3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$0.30 \leq D \leq 0.50$</td> <td>2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$D \geq 0.5$</td> <td>0</td> </tr> </table>	Defect Category	A	B	$D \leq 0.20$	NC	NC	$0.20 \leq D \leq 0.30$	3	$0.30 \leq D \leq 0.50$	2	$D \geq 0.5$	0
Defect Category	A	B													
$D \leq 0.20$	NC	NC													
$0.20 \leq D \leq 0.30$	3														
$0.30 \leq D \leq 0.50$	2														
$D \geq 0.5$	0														
5	<p>Mura (50% Grey)</p>		Judged by Limit sample												



10.0 Precaution and Limited Warranty

1. Handling Precautions

- a. The display panel is made of glass and polarizer. As glass is fragile. It tends to chip during handling especially on the edges. Please avoid dropping or jarring. Do not subject it to a mechanical shock of impact or by dropping it.
- b. If the display panel is damaged and the liquid crystal substance leaks out, be sure not to get any in your mouth. If the substance is in contact with your skin or clothes, wash it off using soap and water.
- c. Do not apply excessive force to the display surface or the adjoining areas since this may cause the color tone to vary. Do not touch the display with bare hands. This will stain the display area and degrade the insulation between terminals. Scratch and dents may occur on polarizer too.
- d. The polarizer covering the display surface of the LCD module is soft and easily scratched. Handle this polarizer carefully. Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with anything harder than a HB pencil lead (glass, tweezers, etc.). Do not put or attach anything on the display area to avoid leaving marks on it. Condensation on the surface and contact with terminals due to cold will damage, stain or dirty the polarizer. After products are tested at low temperature they must be warmed up in a container before coming in to contact with room temperature air.
- e. If the display surface becomes contaminated, breathe on the surface and gently wipe it with a soft dry cloth. If it is heavily contaminated, moisten cloth with one of the following solvents
 - Isopropyl alcohol
 - Ethyl alcohol
 - Do not scrub hard to avoid damaging the display surface.
- f. Solvents other than those above-mentioned may damage the polarizer. Especially, do not use the following.
 - Water
 - Ketone
 - Aromatic solvents
 - Wipe off saliva or water drops immediately, contact with water over a long period of time may cause deformation or colour fading. Avoid contact with oil and fats.
- g. Exercise care to minimize corrosion of the electrode. Corrosion of the electrodes is accelerated by water droplets, moisture condensation or a current flow in a high-humidity environment.
- h. Install the LCD Module by using the mounting holes. When mounting the LCD module make sure it is free of twisting, warping and distortion. In particular, do not forcibly pull or bend the I/O cable or the backlight cable.
- i. Do not attempt to disassemble or process the LCD module.
- j. NC terminal should be open. Do not connect anything.
- k. If the logic circuit power is off, do not apply the input signals.
- l. Electro-Static Discharge Control. Since this module uses a CMOS LSI, the same careful attention should be paid to electrostatic discharge as for an ordinary CMOS IC. To prevent destruction of the elements by static electricity, be careful to maintain an optimum work environment.
 - Before removing LCM from its packing case or incorporating it into a set, be sure the module and your body have the same electric potential. Be sure to ground the body when handling the LCD modules.
 - Tools required for assembly, such as soldering irons, must be properly grounded. Make certain the AC power source for the soldering iron does not leak. When using an electric screwdriver to attach LCM, the screw driver should be of ground potentiality to minimize as much as possible any



transmission of electromagnetic waves produced sparks coming from the commutator of the motor.

- To reduce the amount of static electricity generated, do not conduct assembly and other work under dry conditions. To reduce the generation of static electricity be careful that the air in the work environment is not too dry. A relative humidity of 50%-60% is recommended. As far as possible make the electric potential of your work clothes and that of the work bench the ground potential.
 - The LCD module is coated with a film to protect the display surface. Exercise care when peeling off this protective film since static electricity may be generated.
- m. Since LCM has been assembled and adjusted with a high degree of precision, avoid applying excessive shocks to the module or making any alterations or modifications to it.
- Do not alter, modify or change the shape of the tab on the metal frame.
 - Do not make extra holes on the printed circuit board, modify its shape or change the positions of components to be attached.
 - Do not damage or modify the pattern writing on the printed circuit board.
 - Absolutely do not modify the zebra rubber strip (conductive rubber) or heat seal connector.
 - Except for soldering the interface, do not make any alterations or modifications with a soldering iron.
 - Do not drop, bend or twist the LCM.

2. Storage Precautions

When storing the LCD modules, the following precaution are necessary.

- a. Store them in a sealed polyethylene bag. If properly sealed, there is no need for the desiccant.
- b. Store them in a dark place. Do not expose to sunlight or fluorescent light, keep the temperature between 0°C and 35°C, and keep the relative humidity between 40%RH and 60%RH.
- c. The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other objects.

3. Others

- a. Liquid crystals solidify under low temperature (below the storage temperature range) leading to defective orientation or the generation of air bubbles (black or white). Air bubbles may also be generated if the module is subject to a low temperature.
- b. If the LCD modules have been operating for a long time showing the same display patterns, the display patterns may remain on the screen as ghost images and a slight contrast irregularity may also appear. A normal operating status can be regained by suspending use for some time. It should be noted that this phenomenon does not adversely affect performance reliability.
- c. To minimize the performance degradation of the LCD modules resulting from destruction caused by static electricity etc. Exercise care to avoid holding the following sections when handling the modules.
 - Exposed area of the printed circuit board.
 - Terminal electrode sections.

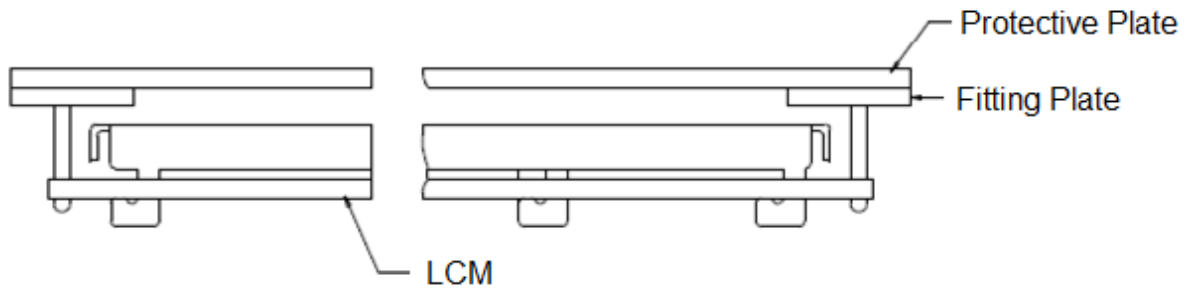
4. Using LCD Modules

a. Installing LCD Modules

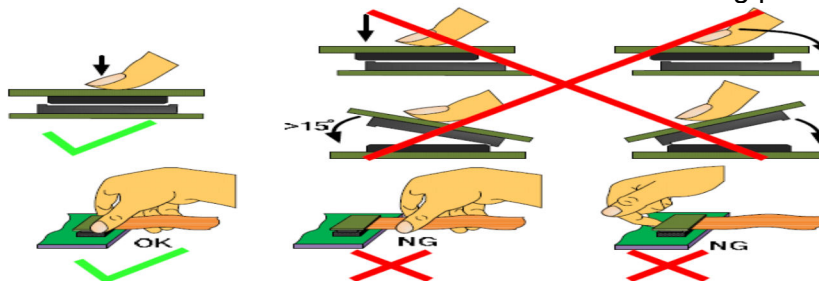
The hole in the printed circuit board is used to fix LCM as shown in the picture below.

Attend to the following items when installing the LCM.

- b. Cover the surface with a transparent protective plate to protect the polarizer and LC cell.



- c. When assembling the LCM into other equipment, the spacer to the bit between the LCM and the fitting plate should have enough height to avoid causing stress to the module surface, refer to the individual specifications for measurements. The measurement tolerance should be 0.1mm.
- d. Precaution for assemble the module with BTB connector:
Please note the position of the male and female connector position, don't assemble or assemble like the method which the following picture shows



5. Precaution for soldering the LCM

	Manual soldering	Machine drag soldering	Machine press soldering
No RoHS Product	290°C ~350°C. Time: 3-5S.	330°C ~350°C. Speed: 4-8 mm/s.	300°C ~330°C. Time: 3-6S. Press: 0.8~1.2Mpa
RoHS Product	340°C ~370°C. Time: 3-5S.	350°C ~370°C. Time: 4-8 mm/s.	330°C ~360°C. Time: 3-6S. Press: 0.8~1.2Mpa

- a. If soldering flux is used, be sure to remove any remaining flux after finishing the soldering operation (This does not apply in the case of a non-halogen type of flux). It is recommended that you protect the LCD surface with a cover during soldering to prevent any damage due to flux spatters.
- b. When soldering the electroluminescent panel and PC board, the panel and board should not be detached more than three times. This maximum number is determined by the temperature and time conditions mentioned above, though there may be some variance depending on the temperature of the soldering iron.
- c. When removing the electroluminescent panel from the PC board, be sure the solder has completely melted, the soldered pad on the PC board could be damaged.



6. Precautions for Operation

- a. Viewing angle varies with the change of liquid crystal driving voltage (VLCD). Adjust VLCD to show the best contrast.
- b. It is recommended to drive LCD's within the specified voltage limit since over limit will cause shorter LCD life. An electrochemical reaction due to direct current causes LCD-deterioration. Avoid the use of direct current drive.
- c. Response time will be extremely delayed at lower temperature compared to room operating temperature range and on the other hand, at higher temperature LCD shows dark color in them. However those phenomena do not mean malfunction. The LCD will return to normal performance when ambient temperature revert to room condition.
- d. If the display area is pushed hard during operation, the display will become abnormal. However, it will return to normal if it is turned off and on.
- e. A slight dew depositing on terminals is a cause for electro-chemical reaction resulting in terminal open circuit.
- f. Input logic voltage before apply analogue high voltage such as LCD driving voltage when power on. Remove analogue high voltage before logic voltage when power off the module. Input each signal after the positive/negative voltage becomes stable.
- g. Please keep the temperature within the specified range for use and storage. Polarization degradation, bubble generation or polarizer peel-off may occur with high temperature and high humidity.

7. Safety

- a. It is recommended to crush damaged or unnecessary LCDs into pieces and wash them off with solvents such as acetone and ethanol, which should later be burned.
- b. If any liquid leaks out of a damaged glass cell and comes in contact with the hands, wash off thoroughly with soap and water.

8. Limited Warranty

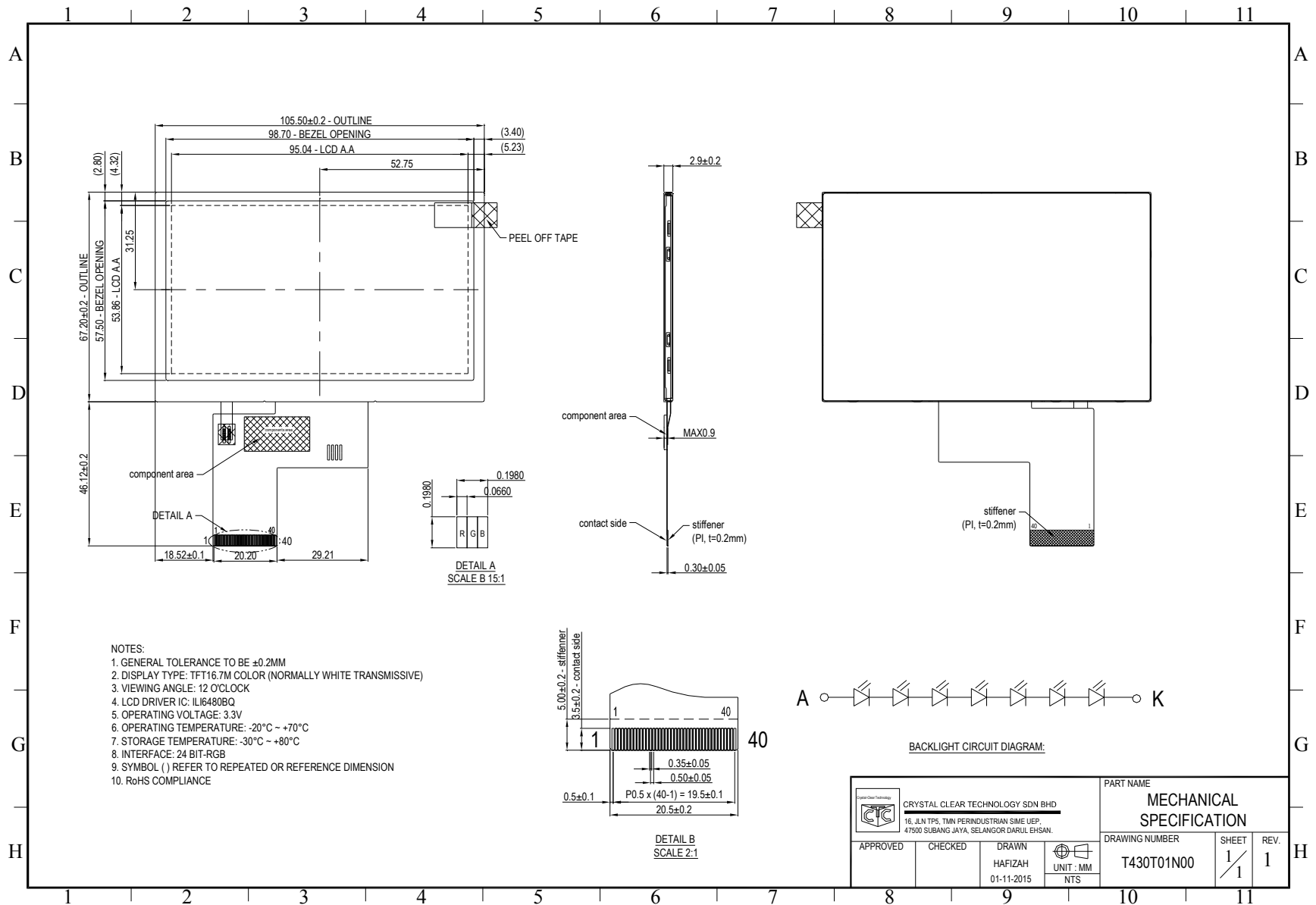
Unless otherwise agreed between Crystal Clear Technology and customer, Crystal Clear Technology will replace or repair any of its LCD and LCM which is found to be defective electrically and visually when inspected in accordance with Crystal Clear Technology acceptance standards, for a period of one year from date of shipment. Confirmation of such date shall be based on freight documents. The warranty liability of Crystal Clear Technology is limited to repair and/or replacement on the terms set forth above. Crystal Clear Technology will not responsible for any subsequent or consequential events.

9. Return LCM under Warranty

No warranty can be granted if the precautions stated above have been disregarded. The typical examples of violations are:

- Broken LCD glass
- PCB eyelet's damaged or modified
- PCB conductors damaged
- Circuit modified in any way, including addition of components.
- PCB tampered with by grinding, engraving or painting varnish.
- Soldering to, or modifying the bezel in any manner.

Module repairs will be invoiced to customer upon mutual agreement. Modules must be returned with sufficient description of failure or defects. Any connectors or cable installed by customer must be removed completely without damaging the PCB eyelet's, conductors and terminals.

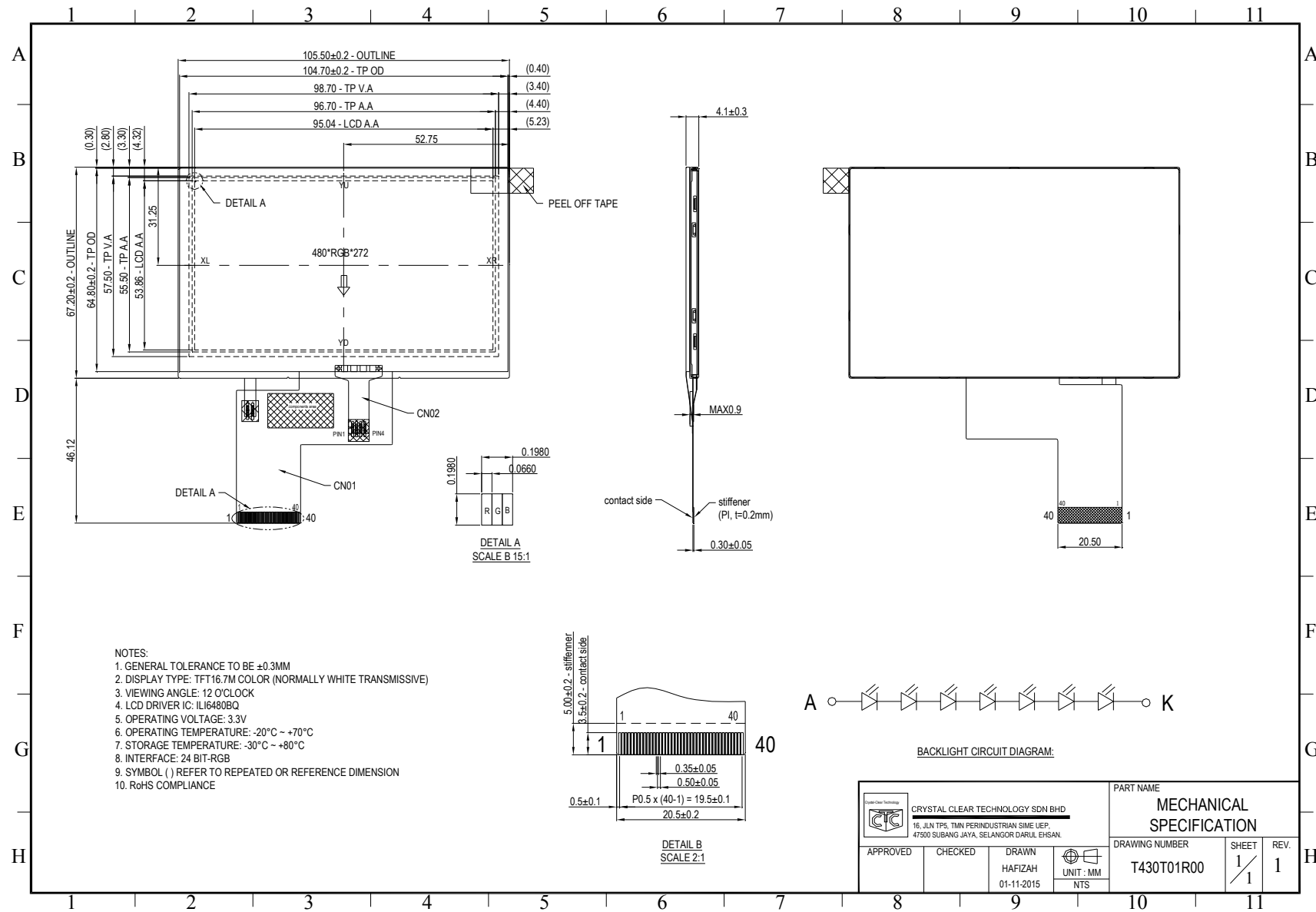


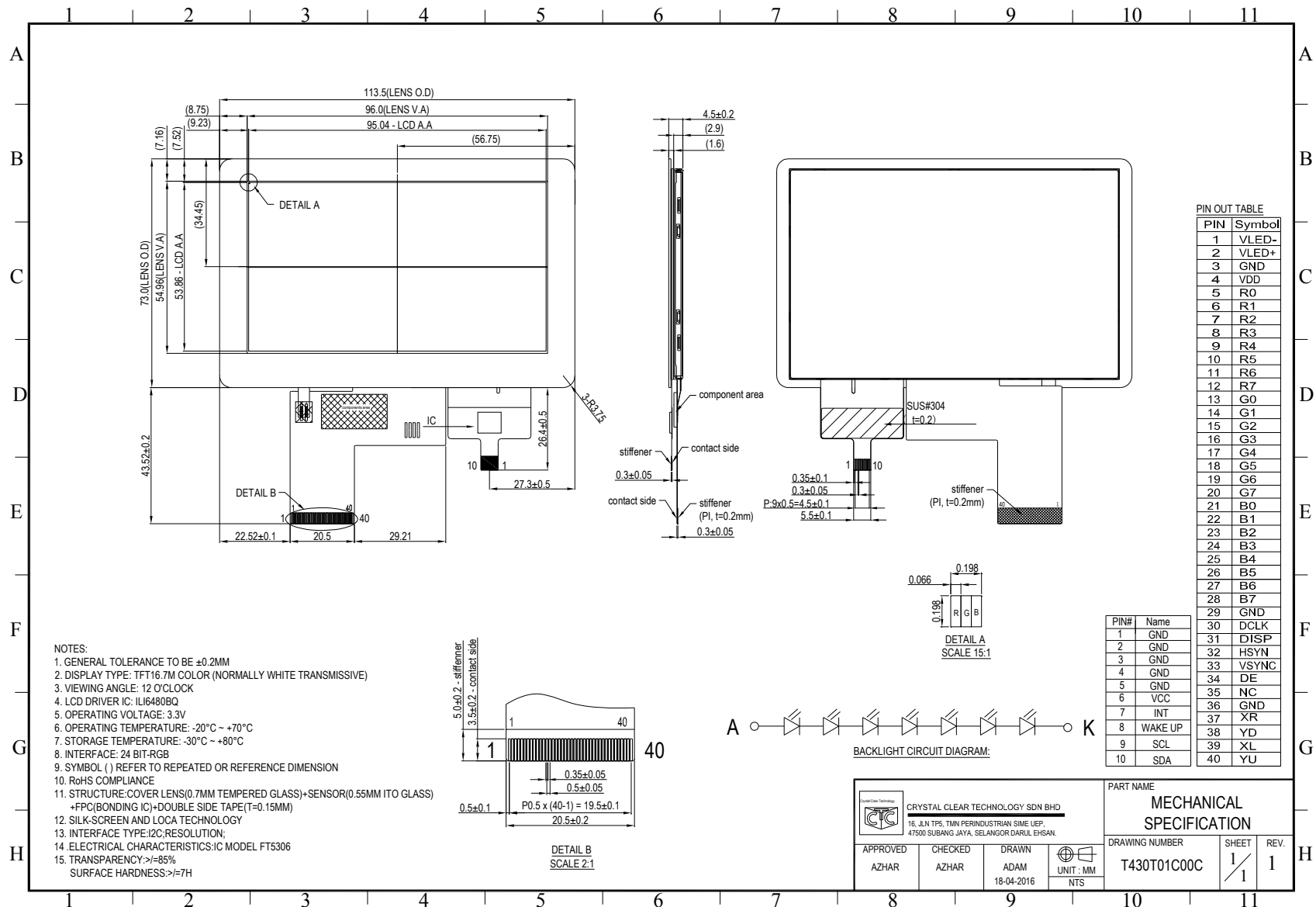
- NOTES:
1. GENERAL TOLERANCE TO BE $\pm 0.2\text{MM}$
 2. DISPLAY TYPE: TFT16.7M COLOR (NORMALLY WHITE TRANSMISSIVE)
 3. VIEWING ANGLE: 12 O'CLOCK
 4. LCD DRIVER IC: ILI6480BQ
 5. OPERATING VOLTAGE: 3.3V
 6. OPERATING TEMPERATURE: $-20^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +70^{\circ}\text{C}$
 7. STORAGE TEMPERATURE: $-30^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +80^{\circ}\text{C}$
 8. INTERFACE: 24 BIT-RGB
 9. SYMBOL () REFER TO REPEATED OR REFERENCE DIMENSION
 10. RoHS COMPLIANCE



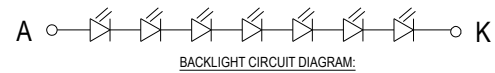
BACKLIGHT CIRCUIT DIAGRAM:

<p>CRYSTAL CLEAR TECHNOLOGY SDN BHD 16, JLN TP5, TAMAN PERINDUSTRIAN SIME UEP, 47500 SUBANG JAYA, SELANGOR DARUL EHSAN.</p>				<p>PART NAME</p> <p>MECHANICAL SPECIFICATION</p>		
APPROVED	CHECKED	DRAWN	<p>UNIT : MM NTS</p>	DRAWING NUMBER	SHEET	REV.
		HAFIZAH 01-11-2015		T430T01N00	1/1	1





- NOTES:
- GENERAL TOLERANCE TO BE ±0.2MM
 - DISPLAY TYPE: TFT16.7M COLOR (NORMALLY WHITE TRANSMISSIVE)
 - VIEWING ANGLE: 12 O'CLOCK
 - LCD DRIVER IC: ILI6480BQ
 - OPERATING VOLTAGE: 3.3V
 - OPERATING TEMPERATURE: -20°C ~ +70°C
 - STORAGE TEMPERATURE: -30°C ~ +80°C
 - INTERFACE: 24 BIT-RGB
 - SYMBOL () REFER TO REPEATED OR REFERENCE DIMENSION
 - RoHS COMPLIANCE
 - STRUCTURE: COVER LENS(0.7MM TEMPERED GLASS)+SENSOR(0.55MM ITO GLASS)
+FPC(BONDING IC)+DOUBLE SIDE TAPE(T=0.15MM)
 - SILK-SCREEN AND LOCA TECHNOLOGY
 - INTERFACE TYPE: I2C; RESOLUTION;
 - ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS: IC MODEL FT5306
 - TRANSPARENCY: >=85%
SURFACE HARDNESS: >=7H



PIN#	Name	PIN	Symbol
1	GND	1	VLED-
2	GND	2	VLED+
3	GND	3	GND
4	GND	4	VDD
5	GND	5	R0
6	VCC	6	R1
7	INT	7	R2
8	WAKE UP	8	R3
9	SCL	9	R4
10	SDA	10	R5
11		11	R6
12		12	R7
13		13	G0
14		14	G1
15		15	G2
16		16	G3
17		17	G4
18		18	G5
19		19	G6
20		20	G7
21		21	B0
22		22	B1
23		23	B2
24		24	B3
25		25	B4
26		26	B5
27		27	B6
28		28	B7
29	GND	29	GND
30	DCLK	30	DCLK
31	DISP	31	DISP
32	HSYN	32	HSYN
33	VSYNC	33	VSYNC
34	DE	34	DE
35	NC	35	NC
36	GND	36	GND
37	XR	37	XR
38	YD	38	YD
39	XL	39	XL
40	YU	40	YU

CRYSTAL CLEAR TECHNOLOGY SDN BHD
16, JLN TRF, TMN PERINDUSTRIAN SIME UEP,
47500 SUBANG JAYA, SELANGOR DARUL EHSAN.

APPROVED AZHAR	CHECKED AZHAR	DRAWN ADAM 18-04-2016	UNIT: MM NTS
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PART NAME MECHANICAL SPECIFICATION
DRAWING NUMBER T430T01C00C
SHEET 1/1
REV. 1

CRYSTAL CLEAR TECHNOLOGY

Product Specification

TP0088

Crystal Clear Technology Sdn. Bhd.

16 Jalan TP5, Taman Perindustrian Sime UEP,

47600 Subang Jaya, Selangor DE

Tel: +603-80247099

Website: www.cct.com.my



1. Product applications

This product is used in MID and communications equipment interfaces. Interface signal conversion can be achieved through the conductive pen or finger touch.

2. Basic Features

2.1 Size Dimension

Matters (Item)		Size (Dimension)
Product size (Size)	LCM size	5.0
Dimensions Outline Dimension	Glass LENS	L*W*H: 113.5*73.0*0.70mm
	Glass Sensor	L*W*H:105.5*67.2*0.55mm
	FPC	L*W: 30.9*26.5mm
	Front protective film (PF)	
	Back protective film (PF)	
	Overall appearance (Total outline)	L*W*: 113.5*73.0
	thickness (Total thickness)	1.6mm
Critical dimension	Cover lens VA	L*W:96.0*54.96mm
	SENSOR AA	L*W: 99.5*58.7mm

2.2 Description of the material component (Part Material description.)

(Part.)	(Material Description)
PANEL	GLASS
OCA/LOCA	LOCA
Glass Sensor	Glass , ITO
FPC	COPPER
IC	FT5316
ACF	



3. Optical Characteristics

Item)	(Spec)	Remark
T(Penetration)	>85%	/
H (HAZE)	/	/
IR (IR HOLE)	/	/
Hardness	≥7H	/

4. Electrical Characteristics

4.1 PIN Definition and foot icon:

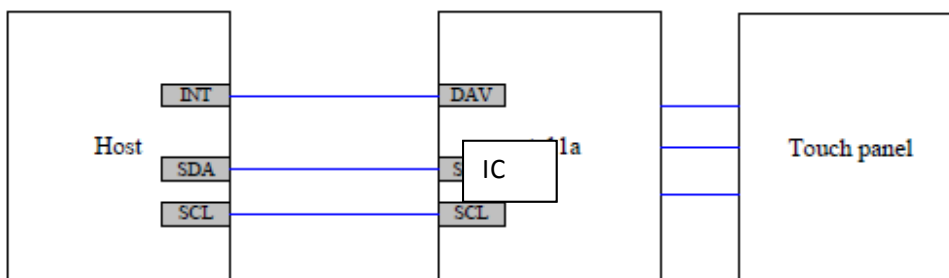
No	COB Pin Description
1	GND
2	GND
3	GND
4	GND
5	GND
6	VCC
7	INT
8	WAKE UP
9	SCL
10	SDA

4.2 IC basic features (such as voltage, current, reaction time, etc.

Electrical specifications

Item	Specification				
	Symbol	Min.	type	Max.	Unit
Supply voltage for logic	Vdd	2.8	3.0	3.3	V
Supply current for logic	Idd	-	12	14.5	mA

4.3 Block Diagram:





5. Mechanical characteristics

Item	Condition	Judgement
6-1 FPC bending test	total cycles:15cycles ,bending range: 0° ->+90° ->-90° ->0°	pass
6-2 Packaging materials drop test	Drop height: Weight 0-20kg, falling height: 30cm Packing weight, 0-20kg, drop height 30cm	pass

6. Environmental reliability features

No.	Item	Condition	Criterion
Environment Test	High Temp. Storage Test	+80°C,96hours	1. Judge on room temp, static 24H , No function defect after test.
	Low Temp. Storage Test	-30°C,96hours	
	High Temp. High Humidity Storage Test	+70□,90%RH,120hours	
	Thermal Shock Test	+60°C/60min→-20°C/5min→- 10°C/60min→+70°C/5min,30 cycles	
Mechanical Test	Surface Hardness	□7H	Standard: JIS-K-5600
	Ball Drop	60g/30cm	No Broken
	FPC peeling test	90°vertical/□500g	No Broken

7. Notice (Attention):

1. Since the capacitive touch screen is made of glass and other fragile items, do not force bump or fall height
2. Do not hit the capacitive touch screen powerfully, or drop it from the heights, as it is made of breakable glass.
3. Do not save when placed one heavy objects or laminated;
4. Do not overlap or strain stress at preservation.



5. When holding the capacitive touch screen do not take place from Flex
6. Do not take or release the capacitive touch screen from the Flex.
7. Do not place the conductive material in contact FPC, to avoid affecting the electrical function in direct contact;
8. Please make the firmware of the Flex do not contact directly with the conductive material, to avoid affect electric function.
9. Flex is soft things, when you install do not frequent bending or pulling force;
10. Do not bend the Flex often or pull it hard when installing, as Flex is soft.
11. Be careful when assembling work, to avoid scratching the ink capacitive touch screen behind;
12. Please make careful to avoid scratch ink after TP surface when installing.
13. Try to avoid contact with the viewing area Assembled;
14. Avoid contacting with TP VA when installing.
15. Operation capacitive touch screen, use your fingers, use a conductive touch pen;
16. Please use the finger or electric pen when the capacitive touch screen is used.
17. Note that static electricity and high-voltage protection.
18. Pay Attention to static electricity and high voltage protection.

