Crystal Clear Technology

Product Specification

T350A34N00

(REVISION 1)

Customers are requested to read through and understand this product specification. If no feedback is received from customer by 30 days, it is deemed that customer has fully need, understand and agreed on the specification set forth in this document.								
Acknowledged by,	Date:							
(CUSTOMER'S SIGNATURE)								
REMARK: AFTER THE ACKNOWL	LEDGEMENT HAS BEEN SIGNED, PLEASE							

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2. Record of Revision

1.0 13.02.20 Initial Release SCChong W.Hong	Rev	Date	Item	Page	Comment	Prepared	Checked
			Item	Page			Checked W.Hong

3. General Specification

T350A34N00 is 3.5" color TFT-LCD (Thin Film Transistor Liquid Crystal Display) module composed of LCD panel, driver ICs control circuit, LED backlight with or without CTP (Capacitive Touch Panel). This display area contains 320(RGB) x 480 pixels and can display up to 16.7M colors. This product compliant with RoHS environmental requirement.

	Item	Specifications	Unit	Note
	Size (Diagonal)	3.5"	inch	
	Outline dimensions	54.98(W) x 84.42(H) x 2.30(T)	mm	(1)
	Display type	16.7M color TFT IPS, Normally Black	-	(2)
	Viewing direction	All	O'clock	
	TFT Active area	48.96(W) x 73.44(H)	mm	
	TFT Resolution	320(RGB) x 480	-	
TFT	Pixel size	0.153(W) x 0.153(H)	mm	
_	Pixel arrangement	RGB vertical strip	-	
	TFT Driving IC	ST7796SV or Equivalent	-	
	TFT Interface mode	8080 8-bit/9-bit/16-bit/18-bit/ 3SPI / 4SPI /RGB	-	
	Luminance	400 (min)	cd/m2	(3)
	Operating temperature	-20 ~ +70	°C	(4)
	Storage temperature	-30 ~ +80	°C	(4)

Note:

- (1) FPC or Wire or Foam Tape or CTP are not included.
- (2) Color tone is slightly changed by temperature and driving voltage.
- (3) Brightness on LCD surface. Module with CTP or RTP, brightness will be about 20% (max) lower on the touch panel surface.
- (4) This product specification shows range of value either in the minimum, typical or maximum category. Operating under extreme condition, bordering on the minimum or maximum range, does not mean that the product can survive perpetually under these extremities. In fact, it only means that the product can operate under such condition with no information of lifetime, other than those already indicated in the specification. User is advised to test it on their own if the specification's reliability data did not indicate it

4. AC/DC Characteristics (TFT)

4.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings (VSS = 0V, Ta = 25°C)

Item	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Power Supply Voltage	VDD	-0.3	-	+4.6	V	
Power Supply for I/O system	VDDIO	-0.3	-	+4.6	V	
Forward Current / LED	lf	-	-	30	mA	
Storage Humidity	Нѕт	10	-	90	%RH	(1)
Storage Temperature	Tst	-30	-	+80	°C	
Operating Humidity	Нор	10	-	90	%RH	(1)
Operating Temperature	Тор	-20	-	+70	°C	

Note:

- (1) At 25±5°C. Absolute humidity shall be less than 90%RH at +60°C.
- (2) Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only. Functional operation of this device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied and exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

4.2 Electrical Characteristics (VSS = 0V, Ta = 25°C)

Item	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Power Supply Voltage	VDD	2.5	3.0	3.3	V	
Power Supply for I/O system	VDDIO	1.65	1.8	3.3	V	
Operation Current	IDD	10.00	14.40	18.50	mA	
Low Level Input Voltage	VIL	0	-	0.3 VDDIO	V	
High Level Input Voltage	VIH	0.7 VDDIO	-	VDDIO	V	
Low Level Output Voltage	Vol	0	-	0.2 VDDIO	V	
High Level Output Voltage	Voн	0.8 VDDIO	-	VDDIO	V	

Note:

(1) The recommended operating conditions refer to a range in which operation of this product is guaranteed. Accordingly, please make sure that the module is used within this range. And these current values are measured under the condition that all devices are stopped, each component is stable and logic signal is input.

4.3 LED Backlight Specification (Ta = 25°C)

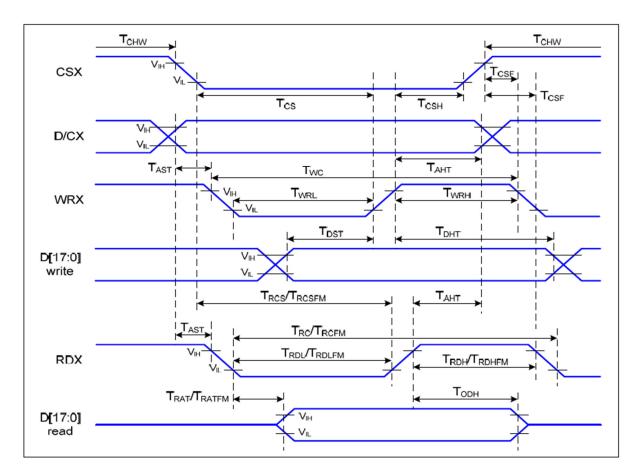
Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
LED Supply Voltage	Vf	If = 20mA	-	25	26.4	V
LED Supply Current	lf		-	20	-	mA
Luminous Intensity	LV	White	400	-	-	cd/m ²
Half Life Expectancy	LL	If = 20mA/LED	20000	-	-	hrs
LED Configuration	8 White L	ED, 8 in Series				

Note:

- (1) The LED Supply Voltage is defined by the number of LED at Ta = 25°C and If = 20mA.
- (2) The "Half Life Expectancy" is defined as the module brightness decrease to 50% of original brightness at Ta = 25°C and If = 20mA/LED. The LED lifetime can decrease if the operating If is higher than 20mA/LED.
- (3) Brightness measurement done at LCD surface.

4.4 AC Timing Characteristics (VSS = 0V, Ta = 25°C)

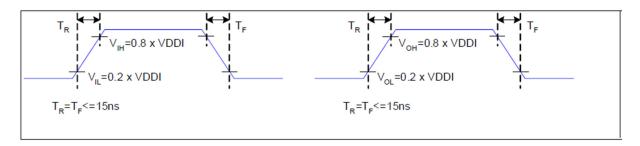
4.4.1 8080 Series MCU Parallel Interface Characteristics: 18/16/9/8-bit Bus



Signal	Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit	Description
D/OV/	T _{AST}	Address setup time	0		ns	
D/CX	T _{AHT}	Address hold time (Write/Read)	10		ns	-
	T _{CHW}	Chip select "H" pulse width	0		ns	
	T _{CS}	Chip select setup time (Write)	15		ns	
csx	T _{RCS}	Chip select setup time (Read ID)	45		ns	
CSX	T _{RCSFM}	Chip select setup time (Read FM)	355		ns	-
	T _{CSF}	Chip select wait time (Write/Read)	10		ns	
	T _{CSH}	Chip select hold time	10		ns	
WRX	Twc	Write cycle	66		ns	
	T _{WRH}	Control pulse "H" duration	15		ns	



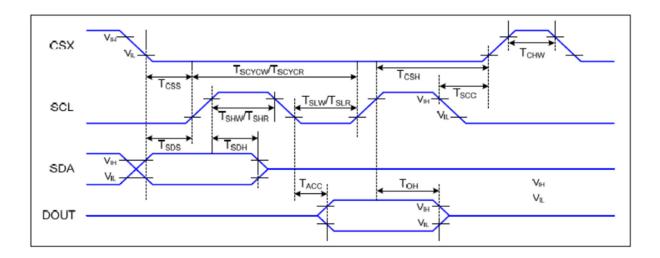
	Twrl	Control pulse "L" duration	15		ns		
	T _{RC}	Read cycle (ID)	160		ns		
RDX (ID)	T _{RDH}	Control pulse "H" duration (ID)	90		ns	When read ID data	
	T _{RDL}	Control pulse "L" duration (ID)	45		ns		
BDV	T _{RCFM}	Read cycle (FM)	450		ns	When read from	
RDX (FM)	T _{RDHFM}	Control pulse "H" duration (FM)	90		ns	frame memory	
	T _{RDLFM}	Control pulse "L" duration (FM)	355		ns	name memory	
	T _{DST}	Data setup time	10		ns		
	T _{DHT}	Data hold time	10		ns		
	T _{RAT}	Read access time (ID)	-	40	ns	For CL=30pF	
	T _{RATFM}	Read access time (FM)	-	340	ns		
	T _{ODH}	Output disable time	20	80	ns		



Note:

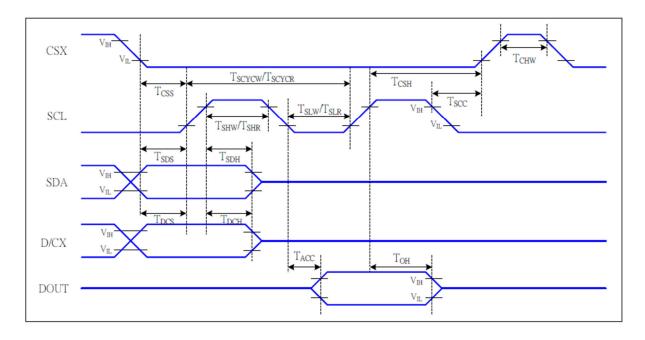
(1) The rising time and falling time (Tr, Tf) of input signal and fall time are specified at 15 ns or less. Logic high and low levels are specified as 20% and 80% of VDDI for Input signals.

4.4.2 3-SPI Serial Data Transfer Interface Characteristics



Signal	Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit	Description
	Tcss	Chip select setup time (write)	15		ns	
Тсян		Chip select hold time (write)	15		ns	
CSX	Tcss	Chip select setup time (read)	60		ns	
	Tscc	Chip select hold time (read)	65		ns	
	Тснw	Chip select "H" pulse width	40		ns	
	Tscycw	Serial clock cycle (Write)	66		ns	
	Tshw	SCL "H" pulse width (Write)	15		ns	
001	Tsuw	SCL "L" pulse width (Write)	15		ns	
SCL	Tscyce	Serial clock cycle (Read)	150		ns	
	Tshr	SCL"H" pulse width (Read)	60		ns	
	T _{SLR}	SCL "L" pulse width (Read)	60		ns	
SDA	Tsps	Data setup time	10		ns	
(DIN)	Тѕрн	Data hold time	10		ns	
DOUT	TACC	Accesstime	10	50	ns	For maximum CL=30pF
DOUT	Тон	Output disable time	15	50	ns	For minimum CL=8pF

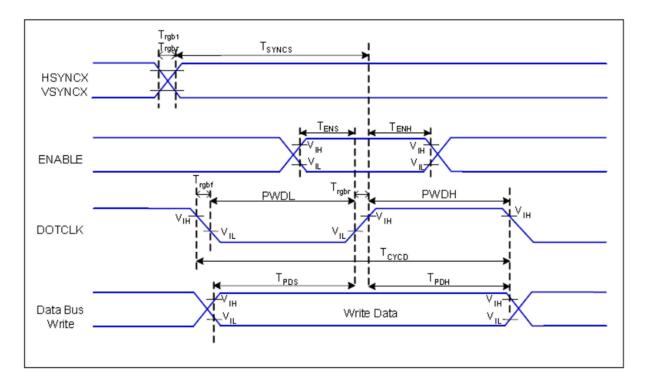
4.4.3 4-SPI Serial Data Transfer Interface Characteristics



Signal	Symbol	Parameter	MIN	MAX	Unit	Description
	T _{CSS}	Chip select setup time (write)	15		ns	
	T _{CSH}	Chip select hold time (write)	15		ns	
CSX	Tcss	Chip select setup time (read)	60		ns	
	T _{SCC}	Chip select hold time (read)	65		ns	
	T _{CHW}	Chip select "H" pulse width	40		ns	
	Tscycw	Serial clock cycle (Write)	66		ns	wite command 0 date
	T _{SHW}	SCL "H" pulse width (Write)	15		ns	-write command & data
SCL	T _{SLW}	SCL "L" pulse width (Write)	15		ns	ram
SCL	Tscycr	Serial clock cycle (Read)	150		ns	
	T _{SHR}	SCL "H" pulse width (Read)	60		ns	-read command & data
	T _{SLR}	SCL "L" pulse width (Read)	60		ns	ram
D/CX	T _{DCS}	D/CX setup time	10		ns	
DICX	T _{DCH}	D/CX hold time	10		ns	
SDA	T _{SDS}	Data setup time	10		ns	
(DIN)	T _{SDH}	Data hold time	10		ns	
DOUT	Tacc	Access time	10	50	ns	For maximum CL=30pF
5001	Тон	Output disable time	15	50	ns	For minimum CL=8pF



4.4.4 RGB Interface Characteristics



Signal	Symbol	Parameter	MIN	MAX	Unit	Description
HSYNC,	-	VOVNO HOVNO Catua Tima	1.5			
VSYNC	Tsyncs	VSYNC, HSYNC Setup Time	15	-	ns	
ENABLE	Tens	Enable Setup Time	15	-	ns	
ENABLE	T_{ENH}	Enable Hold Time	15	-	ns	
	PWDH	DOTCLK High-level Pulse Width	30	-	ns	
DOTCLK	PWDL	DOTCLK Low-level Pulse Width	30	-	ns	
DOTCLK	Tcycd	DOTCLK Cycle Time	66	-	ns	
	Trghr, Trghf	DOTCLK Rise/Fall time	-	15	ns	
DB	Tpds	PD Data Setup Time	15	-	ns	
	T_{PDH}	PD Data Hold Time	15	-	ns	

DRAM Access Area by RGB Interface

Vertical Sync,

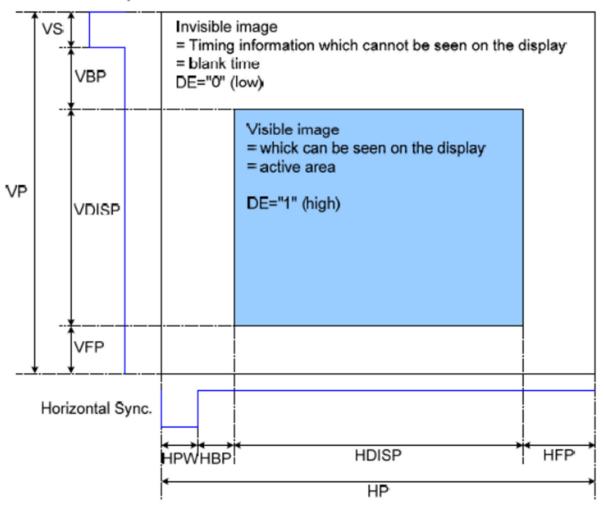
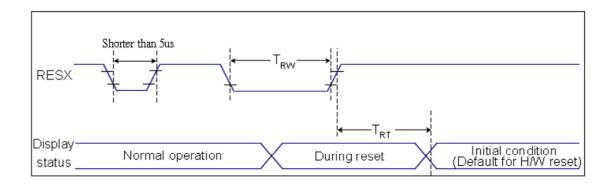


Table for the setting limitation for RGB interface signals

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Horizontal Sync. Width	hpw	40	50	256	Clock
Horizontal Sync. Back Porch	hbp	40	50	256	Clock
Horizontal Sync. Front Porch	hfp	10	38	-	Clock
Vertical Sync. Width	VS	2	4		Line
Vertical Sync. Back Porch	∨bp	2	4	-	Line
Vertical Sync. Front Porch	√fp	2	8	-	Line

4.4.5 Reset Timing



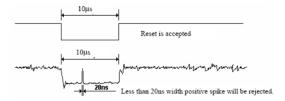
Related Pins	Symbol	Param eter	MIN	MAX	Unit
	TRW	Reset pulse duration	10	-	us
RESX	TOT	Docatecanol	-	5 (Note 1, 5)	ms
	TRT	Reset cancel		120 (Note 1, 6, 7)	ms

Note:

- (1) The reset cancel includes also required time for loading ID bytes, VCOM setting and other settings from NVM (or similar device) to registers. This loading is done every time when there is HW reset cancel time (tRT) within 5 ms after a rising edge of RESX.
- (2) Spike due to an electrostatic discharge on RESX line does not cause irregular system reset according to the table below:

RESX Pulse	Action	
Shorter than 5us	Reset Rejected	
Longer than 9us	Reset	
Between 5us and 9us	Reset starts	

- (3) During the Resetting period, the display will be blanked (The display is entering blanking sequence, which maximum time is 120ms, when Reset Starts in Sleep Out –mode. The display remains the blank state in Sleep In –mode.) and then return to Default condition for Hardware Reset.
- (4) Spike Rejection also applies during a valid reset pulse as shown below:



- (5) When Reset applied during Sleep In Mode.
- (6) When Reset applied during Sleep Out Mode.
- (7) It is necessary to wait 5msec after releasing RESX before sending commands. Also Sleep Out command cannot be sent for 120msec



4.5 Pin Assignment Table

Pin No.	Symbol	I/O	Description	Note
1	GND	Р	Ground	
2 – 3	VLED+	Р	LED Backlight (Anode)	
4 – 5	VLED-	Р	LED Backlight (Cathode)	
6	GND	Р	Ground	
7	TE	0	Tearing effect output	
8	VDD	Р	Power Supply	
9	VDDIO	Р	Power Supply for I/O system	
10	RESET	1	Reset	(1)
11	VSYNC	1	Frame Synchronization Signal	(2)
12	HSYNC	I	Line Synchronization Signal	(2)
13	GND	Р	Ground	
14	PCLK	I	Data Clock	(2)
15	GND	Р	Ground	
16	DE	1	Data Enable	(2)
17 – 34	DB17 – DB0	I/O	Data Bus	(2)
35	SDO	0	SPI interface output pin	(3)
36	SDI	I/O	SPI Interface input/output pin	(2),(4)
37	RDX	1	Read Enable in 8080 MCU interface	(1),(2)
38	WRX/SCL	1	Write Enable / SCL	(2),(5)
39	D/CX	1	Display data/command	(2),(6)
40	CSX	I	Chip Select	(2),(7)
41	NC/TP_RST	-		
42	NC/TP_VDD	-		
43	NC/TP_INT	-	No Connection	
44	NC/TP_SDA	-		
45	NC/TP_SCL	-		

Note:

- (1) Active low
- (2) If not used, please fix to VDDIO or GND
- (3) If not used, please fix this pin at floating
- (4) The data is latched on the rising edge of the SCL signal
- (5) Write enable in MCU parallel interface / SPI mode, this pin is used as SCL
- (6) H: Display data, L: Register index
- (7) H: Disable, L: Enable



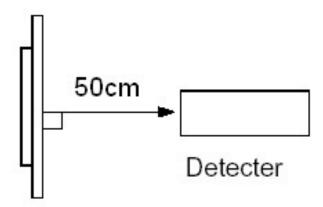
5. Optical Characteristics

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Brightness	Вр	<i>θ</i> =0°	400	-	ı	cd/m²	(2)
Uniformity	⊿Bp	Ф=0°	70	80	-	%	(2)(3)
	3:00	0.140	80	85	-		
	6:00		80	85	-		
Viewing Angle	9:00	Cr≥10	80	80 85 - degree	degree	(4)	
	12:00		80	85	-		
Contrast Ratio	Cr	<i>θ</i> =0°	800	1000	-	-	(5)
Response Time	Tr + Tf	Ф=0°	-	30	35	ms	(6)
NTSC Ratio	S	T=25°C	65	70	-	%	(7)

Note:

- (1) The parameter is slightly changed by temperature, driving voltage and materiel.
- (2) The data are measured after LEDs are turned on for 5 minutes. LCM displays full white. The brightness is the average value of 5 measured spots. Measurement equipment BM-7A. Measuring condition:
 - Measuring surroundings: Dark room.
 - Measuring temperature: Ta=25°C.
 - Adjust operating voltage to get optimum contrast at the center of the display.

Measured value at the center point of LCD panel after more than 5 minutes while backlight turning on.

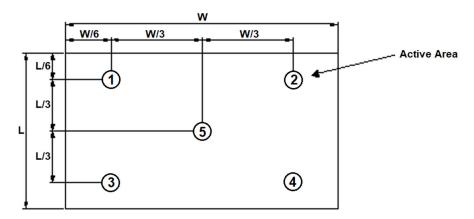


(3) The luminance uniformity is calculated by using following formula:

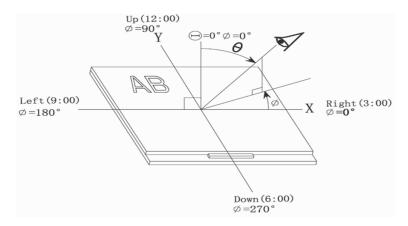
△Bp = Bp (Min.) / Bp (Max.) × 100 (%)

Bp (Max.) = Maximum brightness in 5 measured spots.

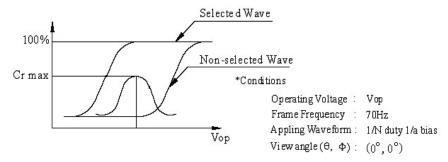
Bp (Min.) = Minimum brightness in 5 measured spots.



(4) The definition of viewing angle: Refer to the graph below marked by θ and Φ



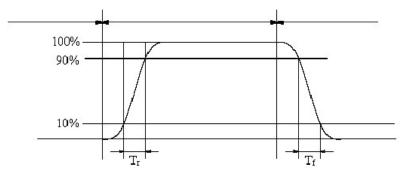
(5) Definition of contrast ratio.



Contrast ratio (Cr) = <u>Brightness of selected dots</u> Brightness of non-selected dots

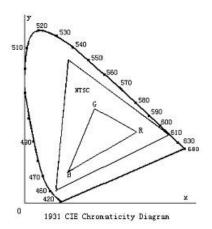
(6) Definition of Response time.

The output signals of photo detector are measured when the input signals are changed from "black" to "white" (falling time) and from "white" to "black" (rising time), respectively. The response time is defined as the time interval between the 10% and 90% of amplitudes. Refer to figure as below.



The Definition of response time

(7) Definition of Color of CIE Coordinate and NTSC Ratio.



6. Reliability Test Condition

Item		Test Condition	Note
	High Temperature	+70°C, 240hrs	(3)
	Low Temperature	-20°C, 240hrs	(3)
Operating	High Temperature and High Humidity	+60°C, 90%RH, 240hrs	(3)(4)
	Cycle	RT (0m) → -20°C (30m) → RT (5m) → +70°C (30m) → RT (5m)	(1)(2)(3)
		10 cycles	
Ctarage	High Temperature	+80°C, 240hrs	(3)
Storage	Low Temperature	-30°C, 240hrs	(3)

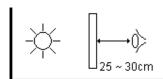
Note:

- (1) RT means Room Temperature.
- (2) m means minute.
- (3) Before cosmetic and functional test, the product must have enough recovery time, at least 2 hours at room temperature.
- (4) No condensation



7. Inspection Criteria

- Inspection distance: 25~30cm.
- From lamp source to product: 250 ± 100cm.
- Angle of inspection: Ambient brightness 1k-1.5k lux inspection from front view, perpendicular to the surface of product.



No	Defect	Definition of defect	Inspection Criteria	
		The size of defective dot over ½ of whole is regards as one defective dot.	A – Viewing Area B – Outside viewing area	
	a) Definition of dot	Smaller than ½ R G B 'No dot defect' (ignore) Larger than ½ R G B '1 dot defect' (counted)	A	
1	b) Bright Dot	Dot appear bright and unchanged in size when LCD panel is displaying black pattern.	Defect A B Bright Dot 1	
	c) Dark Dot	Dot appear dark and unchanged in size when LCD panel is displaying pure color (RED, GREEN or BLUE) pattern.	Dark Dot 2 NC Total 3 NC – Not Count	
	d) 2 dot adjacent	1 pair = 2 dots Type 1 Type 2 Type 3	Defect Acc. Count 2 Bright dot Adjacent 0 2 Dark dot Adjacent 1	
2	a) Black Spot b) White Spot c) Bright Spot d) Pin Hole e) Foreign Particle	 Black / Dark / Bright Spot is points on display which appear dark/bright and usually result from contamination. These defect do not vary in size intensity (contrast) when contras is varied. 	Defect Category A B D < 0.10	



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			,
		b D=(a+b)/2(mm)	
	a) Black Line b) White Line c) Particle between POL and Glass d) Scratch on Glass	L: length (mm) W: width (mm)	Defect Category A B W < 0.03
	a) POL Bubble b) POL Dented		Defect Category A B D < 0.20
3	Mura (50% Grey)		Judged by Limit sample
	Corner Chip		Accept if (only allowed 1):- a) X ≤ 1.0mm b) Y ≤ 1.0mm c) Z ≤ 1/2T
4	Edge Chip	 Touch sensor corner and edge chip that do not cause any damage to tracer and not visible to end-user after housing assembly. Lens edge and corner chip that is not visible to end-user after housing assembly. 	Accept if (only allowed 1):- a) X ≤ 1.0mm b) Y ≤ 1.0mm c) Z ≤ 1/2T Reject – if the sensor surface edge/corner chip damage circuit and visible from front view
	Glass Crack		Reject – if any crack



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5	Printing Ink Light Leakage		Accept if:- Light leakage at marginal area width ≤ 0.15mm
6	Surface Smudginess	- For those that can be cleaned, ≤20% of inspected quantity in one lot under > class 10K area; ≤10% of inspected quantity in one lot ≤ class 10K area. - For those that cannot be cleaned it is classified as foreign round shape defect.	
	FPC Defects on Contact Pad		Accept if dent, pinhole:- a) a ≤ w/3 Reject – if open circuit / cracking / oxidation / contamination
7	FPC Broken		Reject if FPC broken / extruded
	FPC Warped		Accept if FPC warped

8. Precaution

- 1. Handing Precautions
 - a. The display panel is made of glass and polarizer. As glass is fragile. It tends to chip during handling especially on the edges. Please avoid dropping or jarring. Do not subject it to a mechanical shock of impact or by dropping it.
 - b. If the display panel is damaged and the liquid crystal substance leaks out, be sure not to get any in your mouth. If the substance is in contact with your skin or clothes, wash it off using soap and water.
 - c. Do not apply excessive force to the display surface or the adjoining areas since this may cause the color tone to vary. Do not touch the display with bare hands. This will stain the display area and degrade the insulation between terminals. Scratch and dents may occur on polarizer too.
 - d. The polarizer covering the display surface of the LCD module is soft and easily scratched. Handle this polarizer carefully. Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with anything harder than a HB pencil lead (glass, tweezers, etc.). Do not put or attach anything on the display area to avoid leaving marks on it. Condensation on the surface and contact with terminals due to cold will damage, stain or dirty the polarizer. After products are tested at low temperature they must be warmed up in a container before coming in to contact with room temperature air.
 - e. If the display surface becomes contaminated, breathe on the surface and gently wipe it with a soft dry cloth. If it is heavily contaminated, moisten cloth with one of the following solvents.
 - Isopropyl alcohol.
 - Ethyl alcohol.
 - Do not scrub hard to avoid damaging the display surface.
 - f. Solvents other than those above-mentioned may damage the polarizer. Especially, do not use the following.
 - Water.
 - Ketone.
 - Aromatic solvents.
 - Wipe off saliva or water drops immediately, contact with water over a long period of time may cause deformation or colour fading. Avoid contact with oil and fats.
 - g. Exercise care to minimize corrosion of the electrode. Corrosion of the electrodes is accelerated by water droplets, moisture condensation or a current flow in a high-humidity environment.
 - h. Install the LCD Module by using the mounting holes. When mounting the LCD module make sure it is free of twisting, warping and distortion. In particular, do not forcibly pull or bend the I/O cable or the backlight cable.
 - i. Do not attempt to disassemble or process the LCD module.
 - j. NC terminal should be open. Do not connect anything.
 - k. If the logic circuit power is off, do not apply the input signals.
 - I. Electro-Static Discharge Control. Since this module uses a CMOS LSI, the same careful attention should be paid to electrostatic discharge as for an ordinary CMOS IC. To prevent destruction of the elements by static electricity, be careful to maintain an optimum work environment.
 - Before removing LCM from its packing case or incorporating it into a set, be sure the module and your body have the same electric potential. Be sure to ground the body when handling the LCD modules.
 - Tools required for assembly, such as soldering irons, must be properly grounded. Make
 certain the AC power source for the soldering iron does not leak. When using an
 electric screwdriver to attach LCM, the screw driver should be of ground potentiality to
 minimize as much as possible any transmission of electromagnetic waves produced
 sparks coming from the commutator of the motor.



- To reduce the amount of static electricity generated, do not conduct assembly and other work under dry conditions. To reduce the generation of static electricity be careful that the air in the work environment is not too dry. A relative humidity of 50%-60% is recommended. As far as possible make the electric potential of your work clothes and that of the work bench the ground potential.
- The LCD module is coated with a film to protect the display surface. Exercise care when peeling off this protective film since static electricity may be generated.
- m. Since LCM has been assembled and adjusted with a high degree of precision, avoid applying excessive shocks to the module or making any alterations or modifications to it.
 - Do not alter, modify or change the shape of the tab on the metal frame.
 - Do not make extra holes on the printed circuit board, modify its shape or change the positions of components to be attached.
 - Do not damage or modify the pattern writing on the printed circuit board.
 - Absolutely do not modify the zebra rubber strip (conductive rubber) or heat seal connector.
 - Except for soldering the interface, do not make any alterations or modifications with a soldering iron.
 - Do not drop, bend or twist the LCM.

2. Storage Precautions

When storing the LCD modules, the following precaution are necessary.

- a. Store the LCD at a temperature from 10°C to 30°C and a relative humidity of 65% RH or less.
- b. Please store display in a dry place and shelter from direct sunlight.

3. Others

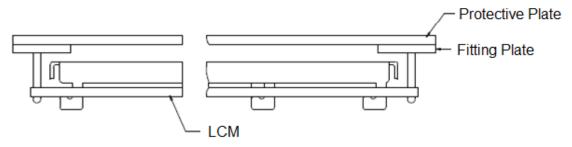
- a. Liquid crystals solidify under low temperature (below the storage temperature range) leading to defective orientation or the generation of air bubbles (black or white). Air bubbles may also be generated if the module is subject to a low temperature.
- b. If the LCD modules have been operating for a long time showing the same display patterns, the display patterns may remain on the screen as ghost images and a slight contrast irregularity may also appear. A normal operating status can be regained by suspending use for some time. It should be noted that this phenomenon does not adversely affect performance reliability.
- c. To minimize the performance degradation of the LCD modules resulting from destruction caused by static electricity etc. Exercise care to avoid holding the following sections when handling the modules.
 - Exposed area of the printed circuit board.
 - Terminal electrode sections.

4. Using LCD Modules

a. Installing LCD Modules

The hole in the printed circuit board is used to fix LCM as shown in the picture below. Attend to the following items when installing the LCM.

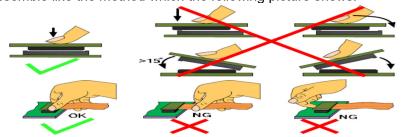
b. Cover the surface with a transparent protective plate to protect the polarizer and LC cell.





- c. When assembling the LCM into other equipment, the spacer to the bit between the LCM and the fitting plate should have enough height to avoid causing stress to the module surface, refer to the individual specifications for measurements. The measurement tolerance should be 0.1mm.
- d. Precaution for assemble the module with BTB connector:

 Please note the position of the male and female connector position, don't assemble or
 assemble like the method which the following picture shows.



5. Precaution for soldering the LCM

	Manual soldering	Machine drag soldering	Machine press soldering
No RoHS	290°C ~350°C.	330°C ~350°C.	300°C ~330°C.
Product	Time: 3-5S.	Speed: 4-8 mm/s.	Time: 3-6S.
			Press: 0.8~1.2Mpa
RoHS	340°C ~370°C.	350°C ~370°C.	330°C ~360°C.
Product	Time: 3-5S.	Time: 4-8 mm/s.	Time: 3-6S.
			Press: 0.8~1.2Mpa

- a. If soldering flux is used, be sure to remove any remaining flux after finishing the soldering operation (This does not apply in the case of a non-halogen type of flux). It is recommended that you protect the LCD surface with a cover during soldering to prevent any damage due to flux spatters.
- b. When soldering the electroluminescent panel and PC board, the panel and board should not be detached more than three times. This maximum number is determined by the temperature and time conditions mentioned above, though there may be some variance depending on the temperature of the soldering iron.
- c. When removing the electroluminescent panel from the PC board, be sure the solder has completely melted, the soldered pad on the PC board could be damaged.

6. Precautions for Operation

- a. Viewing angle varies with the change of liquid crystal driving voltage (VLCD). Adjust VLCD to show the best contrast.
- b. It is recommended to drive LCD's within the specified voltage limit since over limit will cause shorter LCD life. An electrochemical reaction due to direct current causes LCD deterioration. Avoid the use of direct current drive.
- c. Response time will be extremely delayed at lower temperature compared to room operating temperature range and on the other hand, at higher temperature LCD-shows dark colour in them. However those phenomena do not mean malfunction. The LCD will return to normal performance when ambient temperature revert to room condition.
- d. If the display area is pushed hard during operation, the display will become abnormal. However, it will return to normal if it is turned off and on.
- e. A slight dew depositing on terminals is a cause for electro-chemical reaction resulting in terminal open circuit.
- f. Input logic voltage before apply analogue high voltage such as LCD driving voltage when power on. Remove analogue high voltage before logic voltage when power off the module. Input each signal after the positive/negative voltage becomes stable.



g. Please keep the temperature within the specified range for use and storage. Polarization degradation, bubble generation or polarizer peel-off may occur with high temperature and high humidity.

7. Safety

- a. It is recommended to crush damaged or unnecessary LCDs into pieces and wash them off with solvents such as acetone and ethanol, which should later be burned.
- b. If any liquid leaks out of a damaged glass cell and comes in contact with the hands, wash off thoroughly with soap and water.

8. Limited Warranty

Unless otherwise agreed between Crystal Clear Technology and customer, Crystal Clear Technology will replace or repair any of its LCD and LCM which is found to be defective electrically and visually when inspected in accordance with Crystal Clear Technology acceptance standards, for a period of one year from date of shipment. Confirmation of such date shall be based on freight documents. The warranty liability of Crystal Clear Technology is limited to repair and/or replacement on the terms set forth above. Crystal Clear Technology will not responsible for any subsequent or consequential events.

9. Return LCM under Warranty

No warranty can be granted if the precautions stated above have been disregarded. The typical examples of violations are:

- Broken LCD glass.
- PCB eyelet's damaged or modified.
- PCB conductors damaged.
- Circuit modified in any way, including addition of components.
- PCB tampered with by grinding, engraving or painting varnish.
- Soldering to, or modifying the bezel in any manner.

Module repairs will be invoiced to customer upon mutual agreement. Modules must be returned with sufficient description of failure or defects. Any connectors or cable installed by customer must be removed completely without damaging the PCB eyelet's, conductors and terminals.

10. Mechanical Specification

